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### Marine biotech for biomedical applications: European Marine Biology Resource Center (EMBRC) Unlocking the potential of marine biotechnology

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### •72 % of the surface is water

•> 90 % of the biosphere is **water** 

• So Earth is really the **BLUE** planet





### **Healthy Oceans, Healthy Lives**

Covering 72% of our planet, oceans make life on Earth possible. All life, including our own, depends on the ocean.

**Marine Food** is a source of protein rich in essential fatty acids. With more than 1 billion people depending on fish for their basic protein; a soaring world population (9-11billion people by 2050); most of the world's fisheriess now stressed by overfishing.

Marine natural products and marine animal models provide important information that leads to medical breakthroughs and powerful abilities.

Providing the largest carbon sink potential of the planet, the ocean is an essential regulator of our **climate** system;

Energy source: tides, waves, biofuels..



### What is Marine Biotechnology?

... Marine biotechnology explores and uses marine bioresources as the target for origin of biotechnological applications, which are used for the production of products and services





### **The Marine Biotech Opportunity**

 BioTechnology is the driver of the next wave of industrial innovation

• Biotechnology is key to **sustainable** industrial manufacturing



• Marine biodiversity is a rich source of medicines and natural products, potentially exploitable in the blue biotech industry

The marine environment is our ocean of opportunity for new materials, new compounds and new processes for our **society** 

#### ..Health, ..Food, ..Energy, ..Environment, ..Industry

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### **Examples of Marine Biotechnology successes** Extraction of valuable biochemical components

#### Examples of applications:

- Pigments
- Antioxidants
- Pharmaceutical use
- Nutraceutical use
- Cosmeceutical use



Green fluorescent protein





### **Examples of Marine Biotechnology successes**

**Fucoxanthin** 



**Claimed effects:** 

- Antioxidant
- Weight reduction
- Anti-cancer effect

Wakame Undaria pinnatifida



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- Constitutes brown colour in algae
- Up to 70% of carotenoid in algae
- Amounts 170 720 mg/kg ww
- Highest amounts in *F. serratus*
- Extracted from waste fractions



### **Examples of Marine Biotechnology successes** Cosmeceuticals

European market > € 27.6 billion per year (COLIPA – The European Cosmetics Association, 2006)



Resilience<sup>™</sup> by Estée Lauder contains anti-inflammatory pseudopterosin



Products contain blue-green algae extracts

#### % of market

- Skin care products 25.7 23.7
- Hair products
- 'Toiletries' 23.4

#### % production growth

- **Facial serviettes** 4.9 6.0
- Whitening agents
- Anti-age/anti-wrinkle cream 0.5
- Trend towards 'natural products'



#### **Examples of Marine Biotechnology successes**

#### **Biomaterials (bone and tissue)**

Source organism	Biomaterial	Health application		
Macro-algae	Polysaccharides, calcareous algae	Bone and tissue scaffold		
Crustacean and Molluscs	Chitin, chitosan, protein-derived peptides	Tissue repair		
Finfish	Protein - collagen	Tissue repair, collagen reinforced cements – bone repair		
Sponges	Uses skeletal structure	Bone and tissue scaffold, tissue repair, bone grafting		



#### **Examples of Marine Biotechnology successes**

#### **Biomaterials (adhesives)**

Source organism	<b>Bioactive compounds</b>	Health application
Molluscs Goose barnacle Mussels	Proteins Proteoglycans	Wound closure Orthopaedics Prosthetics Collection bags
<b>Echinoderms</b> Starfish Urchins	Proteins	Orthopaedics

Another example: Slime eel used for new biomaterial Source: Vancouver Aquarium (2014) <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pmaal7Hf0WA</u>





### **Bioactives for health**



Cone snail Conus magus



#### Ziconotide / Prialt Elan / Azur Pharma

Neuropathic Pain
 ω- conotoxin MVIIA

#### **Didemin B**

• Cyclic peptide Phase I/II clinicals trials on-hold



# Se builder auriculana

#### Yondelis / Trabectedin PharmaMar/J&J

• Anti-tumour Ecteinascidin-743

#### Dolastatin 10 /TZT-1027

Anti-tumour
 Phase I/II clinical trials



#### Kahalalide F -PharmaMar

Anti-tumour
 Phase II clinical trials



#### Bryostatin 1 – GPC Biotech

Macrocyclic lactone
 Phase II clinical trials

Molinski et al., Nature Reviews Drug Discovery, January 2009, Volume 8, 69-85



### Functional Foods/Food & Feed Ingredients/Nutraceuticals

#### **Target Areas**

- Ingredients and added-value products research
- Using fish processing waste, under-utilised species, algae





Extracts from brown seaweed demonstrate prebiotic potential



Micro-algae as a source of omega-3 and other bioactives with food and feed potential







### **Functional Biomaterials**

#### **Target Areas**

- Bone replacement market
- Drug delivery systems
- Adhesives



Spinal fracture repair using marine collagen reinforced cement



Bone tissue growth scaffold formed from natural sponge



Biodegradable polymer from brown seaweed for drug delivery



#### Drug Delivery Systems

« Functionalization of the living diatom Thalassiosira sp. with thiol moieties». Y.Lang et Al., **Nature**, 2013



### **Time to market for new products**

	Time to market for new products					
	1-5 years	5-10 years	10+ years			
Industry sector	Food, Agriculture, Cosmetics	Chemicals, Advanced Materials, Medical Devices	Pharmaceutical, Medical Devices, Energy			
Source organism	Macro and micro algae, fish processing waste, fish and shellfish	Macro and micro algae, marine invertebrates, fish processing waste, sponges, marine fungi	Macro and micro algae, marine invertebrates, sponges, marine bacteria and viruses			
Compounds	<ul> <li>Pigments incl. carotenoids</li> <li>Lipids/fatty acids</li> <li>Proteins/peptides/amino acids</li> <li>Minerals</li> <li>Polysaccharides</li> <li>Biopolymers</li> <li>Enzymes</li> <li>Secondary metabolites incl. phenolics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pigments incl. carotenoids</li> <li>Lipids/fatty acids</li> <li>Proteins/peptides/amino acids</li> <li>Minerals</li> <li>Polysaccharides</li> <li>Biopolymers</li> <li>Enzymes</li> <li>Secondary metabolites, incl. phenolics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pigments incl. carotenoids</li> <li>Lipids/fatty acids</li> <li>Proteins/peptides/amino acids</li> <li>Minerals</li> <li>Polysaccharides</li> <li>Biopolymers</li> <li>Enzymes</li> <li>Secondary metabolites incl. phenolics</li> </ul>			
Examples of Applications (current and future)	<ul> <li>Functional ingredients incl. antioxidants</li> <li>Nutraceuticals</li> <li>Food supplements</li> <li>Human and animal nutrition</li> <li>Cosmetics</li> <li>Personal care</li> <li>Cosmeceuticals</li> <li>Horticulture growth stimulants</li> <li>Fertilisers</li> <li>Cleaning and detergents</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Industrial adhesives</li> <li>Medical adhesives</li> <li>Animal health</li> <li>Tissue and bone replacement</li> <li>Wound dressings</li> <li>Dental material</li> <li>Anti-bacterial</li> <li>Anti-obesity</li> <li>Micro-encapsulation</li> <li>Drug delivery</li> <li>Bioremediation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nano particles</li> <li>Anti-cancer</li> <li>Anti-inflammatory</li> <li>Anti-infective</li> <li>Anti-viral</li> <li>Anaesthetics</li> <li>Other medical therapeutics</li> </ul>			

Dermot Hurst, Marine Institute, Ireland



### EMBRC & Marine Biotechnology

"Better R&D infrastructure and platforms will be needed to improve our understanding of marine bioresources and to improve our access to and development of these resources."

"The outlook for marine biotechnology has changed profoundly in the last decade in large part owing to advances in science and technology in particular "omics" sciences. These advances provide new insights into marine bioresources and improve the ability to access, manipulate and develop these resources to address some of today's grand challenges."

OECD, 2013. Marine Biotechnology.



Ecosystems Model Organisms Experimental Aquaria & Mesocoms 'Omics Platforms Bioimaging



### EUROPEAN MARINE BIOLOGICAL RESOURCE CENTRE

Responding to the Global Societal Grand Challenges

Advanced Marine Biology and Ecology Research

- > Biomedicine
- Sustainability of Food Production
- Industrial Process Innovation
- Environmental Adaptations to Climate and Pollution

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Distributed research infrastructures

Single sited research infrastructures

#### EMBRC is in the ESFRI roadmap of Pan-EU RIs (since 2008)

Social Sc. & Hum. (5)		ciences  3 )		ntal Sciences 9 )	Energy (7)	Material and Analytical Facilities (6)	Physics and (1	Astronomy 0 )	e-Infra- structures (1)
SHARE	BBMRI	ELIXIR	ICOS	EURO-ARGO	ECCSEL	EUROFEL	ELI	TIARA*	PRACE
European Social Survey	ECRIN	INFRA FRONTIER	LIFEWATCH	IAGOS	Windscanner	EMFL	SPIRAL2	СТА	
CESSDA	INSTRUCT	EATRIS	EMS	EPOS	EU-SOLARIS	European XFEL	E-ELT	SKA	
CLARIN	EU- OPENSCREE N	EMBRC	SIAEOS	EISCAT_3D	JHR	ESRF Upgrade	KM3NeT	FAIR	
DARIAH	Euro Biol maging	ERINHA BSL4 Lab		COPAL	IFMIF	NEUTRON ESS	SLHC-PP*	ILC- HIGRADE*	
	ISBE	MIRRI			Hiper	ILL20/20 Upgrade			
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### **Partnership**

### Partners

- 9 Nodes
- 26 Stations (operators)

**EMBRC nodes Belgium** France Greece Israel Italy Norway Portugal **Spain** United Kingdom







### **Evolving Marine Stations**

- First marine stations were built in the 19<sup>th</sup> Century to access the sea
- Rationale: Cataloguing of marine life and resources, education and scientific research. Hosting visiting researchers.
- More than 20 Nobel Prizes have been awarded in medicine, chemistry and physiology using marine animals as models













### **Track record of Marine stations**

- THEODORE BOVERI, CELL BIOLOGIST FROM Univ. Wurzburg would spend summers at SZN which contributed to establish the chromosomal basis of inheritance
- TIM HUNT (Sea Urchin eggs=> Cyclins; proteins, which controls cell cycle division; related to cancer)
- TAQ Polymerase: From hot spring source DNA replication enzyme!
- MARINE MODEL ORGANISMS HAVE ALONG HISTORY OF CONTRIBUTION to biomedical research understanding basic cell biology and physiology.
- Meyer et al 2015; trends in pharmacetical science: <u>http://marinepharmacology.midwestern.edu/clinPipeline.htm</u>



### **Evolving European Marine Stations**

 The coastal zone supports an enormous breadth of economic activities, with a wide range of academic and industrial users needing access to marine resources







**Renewable Energy** 



Marine Bio-tech





**Bio-fuel** 

- New technologies are transforming the possibilities for marine stations: from "omics" to advances in optical and acoustic imaging techniques
- Unique marine biodiversity is a potentially rich source of medicines and natural products
- Observatories for climate change impacts





### How does it work?





#### **Service Areas**

- Six Core Access Services:
  - Natural Ecosystems
  - Controlled Experimental Facilities (includes Aquaria and mesocosms)
  - Research Platforms and Workflows (incudes 'Omics)
  - ≻Cultures
  - Information Systems and Data
  - Training & Education











### **Service Offer**

- **1. All-in-one (for industrial users only):** externalization of the project to EMBRC, from the definition of the research protocol to the running of the experiments
- 2. Co-produced service (custom): EMBRC team helps the user to define the research protocol and may conduct experiments with industrial / academic research team
- **3. Delegated service** (Custom): The user defines the research protocol. Experiments conducted solely by EMBRC team with no intervention from initial industrial / academic research team (mutant...)
- 4. Delegated service (off the shelf): The user is choosing in a catalogue of services or biological ressources. Experiments conducted solely by EMBRC team with no intervention from initial industrial / academic research team
- 5. Sole use of facilities: Access to ecosystems and marine biological resources, to experimental aquaria and mesocosms...
- 6. Scientific expertise: EMBRC team brings scientific expertise on specific aspects (taxonomy, 'omics, imaging, protein structure...)
- 7. Training: General education, training regarding the use of facilities, ...
- 8. Remote access to e-infrastructure and large datasets



# Inventory of ecosystems readily accessible to shore-based marine stations

- •Fjords
- •Estuaries
- •Mud flats
- •Sea grass beds
- •Kelp forests
- Volcanic seeps
- •Coral reefs
- •Megatidal seas
- •Deep sea environments

Latitudinal range, regional seas

















### **Inventory of access platforms**

Coastal research vessels, remote operated vehicles, tethered buoys, scientific diving, and animal borne sensors















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### **Inventory of aquaria**

Seawater supply, cold and warm water aquaria, environmental control (pH, CO<sub>2</sub>, temperature, light, salinity), plankton and invertebrate feed culture, mesocosms





### **Inventory of biological resources (culture)**

Model species, genotypes, mutant strains including transgenics, genomic resources (e.g. BAC libraries), type culture collections, antibodies





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#### Vision

EMBRC will be the Global Reference Research Infrastructure for Marine Biology and Ecology





#### **1. European Marine Biological Research** Infrastructure Cluster (EMBRIC)

Connected by the Cluster:

The EMBRIC consortium connects **6 Existing European Research Infrastructures**. Four ESFRI Research Infrastructures (EMBRC, MIRRI, EU-OPENSCREEN, ELIXIR) and two Integrating Activity projects (AQUAEXCEL and RISIS).





### **RI Clusters**

2. Corbel - Coordinated RIs Building Enduring Life-science Services





#### **RI Clusters** 3. ENVRI Plus – Supporting Environmental research with integrated Solutions

## PIUS ENVRI







## The EMBRC Headquarters are hosted at the University P.M. Curie - Paris 6, Paris.

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